MYCOPLASMA GALLISEPTICUM-SYNOVIAE ANTIBODY TEST KIT	PG. 1
FRANÇAIS Trousse de dépistage des anticorps anti-mycoplasma gallisepticum-synoviae	PG. 6
ESPAÑOL KIT DE DETECCION DE ANTICUERPOS FRENTE A MYCOPLASMA GALLISEPTICUM Y SYNOVIAE	PÁG. 11
PORTUGUÊS KIT DE TESTE DE ANTICORPOS PARA MYCOPLASMA GALLISEPTICUM-SYNOVIAE	PÁG. 16
DEUTSCH <b>Mycoplasma gallisepticum-synoviae-antikörper-test-kit</b>	P. 21
ITALIANO <b>KIT DEL TEST ANTICORPALE PER MYCOPLASMA GALLISEPTICUM-SYNOVIAE</b>	P. 26
POLSKI ZESTAW TESTOWY DO WYKRYWANIA PRZECIWCIAŁ SKIEROWANYCH PRZECIWKO MYCOPLASMA GALLISEPTICUM-SYNOVIAE	P. 31
<b>ไทย</b> ชุดทดสอบแอนติบอดีสำหรับโรคติดเชื่อมัยโคพลาสมา กัลลิเซพติกุม-ซิโนวีอี	P. 36
العربية مجموعة اختبار الأجسام المضادة للميكوبلازما (المفطورة) العنتنة للدَّجاج-الزليليّة	P.41
SYMBOL DESCRIPTIONS / DESCRIPTIONS DES SYMBOLES / DESCRIPCIÓN DE LOS SÍMBOLOS / DESCRIÇÃO DOS SÍMBOLOS / SYMBOLBESCHREIBUNG / DESCRIZIONE DEI SIMBOLI / OPISY SYMBOLI / வேல் படிவுள்ளுள்ளுள்	P. 46
WARNING / DANGER / ATTENTION / DANGER / ATENCIÓN / PELIGRO / ADVERTÊNCIA / PERIGO / ACHTUNG / GEFAHR / ATTENZIONE / PERICOLO / OSTRZEŻENIA / ZAGROŻENIA / คำเดือน / อันตราย / تحذير / خطر	P. 47

ProFLOK™ MG-MS Ab

ENGLICH

# zoetis

Zoetis Inc. Kalamazoo, MI 49007, USA VLN/PCN 190/5074.20 www.zoetis.com

23 Rue Pierre Gilles de Gennes,

## EC REP ZOETIS FRANCE

69007 Lyon, FRANCE
For product info call/Pour de l'information sur le produit appelez:
In US VMIPS 1-888-963-8471
Canada 1-800-461-0917

## 40016402 Effective: February 2017

## MYCOPLASMA GALLISEPTICUM-SYNOVIAE ANTIBODY TEST KIT

For the detection of antibodies to Mycoplasma gallisepticum (MG) and Mycoplasma synoviae (MS) in chicken and turkey sera.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION AND INTENDED USES**

ProFLOK™ MG-MS Ab is a rapid screening ELISA for the detection of MG and MS antibodies in chickens and turkeys. Conventional MG and MS serologic, culture, and molecular diagnostic techniques are needed to confirm infection.

## KIT COMPOSITION AND CONSERVATION

Contains materials sufficient to test a maximum of 450 samples.

ITEM	REAGENT NATURE	VOLUME	RECONSTITUTION AND CONSERVATION
A	5 microplates containing 96 wells coated with MG-MS antigen	5 X 96 wells	Ready to use
CONTROL +	100X Positive Control; preserved with Thimerosal	1 X 0.1 mL	Dilute in Dilution Buffer Plus just before use.
N	100X Normal Control; preserved with Thimerosal	1 X 0.1 mL	Dilute in Dilution Buffer Plus just before use.
C	100X HRP-Conjugate; preserved with Microcide III	1 X 1.0 mL	Dilute in Dilution Buffer Plus just before use.
DB+	Dilution Buffer Plus	1 X 200 mL	Ready to use
W	20X Wash; preserved with Imidazole	Dilute to 1X in deionized or reverse osmosis water. Diluted w solution can be stored at 15 - 30 °C and used for up to 3 mont following dilution.	
ABTS	Substrate	1 X 100 mL	Ready to use
S	5X Stop (5 % SDS)	1 X 25 mL	Dilute to 1X in deionized or reverse osmosis water. Diluted stop solution can be stored at 15 – 30 °C and used for up to 3 months following dilution.

Store all reagents provided in the kit at 2-7 °C. Reagents should not be frozen.

## **REAGENTS REQUIRED TO PERFORM 90 TESTS**

- a) 1 MG-MS antigen coated microplate
- b) 10 uL 100X Positive Control
- c) 10 µL 100X Normal Control
- d) 120 µL 100X Conjugate
- e) 46 mL Dilution Buffer Plus
- f) 20 mL 20X Wash
- g) 10 mL Substrate
- h) 2.5 mL 5X Stop

## **EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED**

- a) High precision multiple delivery pipetting devices (i.e., 1-20 and 20-200 µL. Measurement deviation must be ≤10 % for volumes ≤10 µL and ≤ 5 % for all other volumes)
- b) 8- or 12-channel pipettes (i.e., 5 50 and  $50 300 \mu$ L) and pipette tips
- c) 0.2 mL, 1.0 mL, and 5.0 mL pipettes
- d) 2 graduated cylinders (50 mL)
- e) 1 mL or 5 mL test tubes
- f) Uncoated low binding 96 well microplates with > 300 µL/well volume
- g) Deionized or reverse osmosis water
- h) Microplate reader with 405-410 nm filter
- i) Microplate washing apparatus

## WARNINGS TO THE USERS OF REAGENTS AND ANTIGEN COATED MICROPLATES

- Handle all reagents and samples as biohazardous material. It is recommended to dispose reagents and contaminated
  material according to the applicable regulations.
- Wear suitable protective clothing.
- Irritating to eyes and skin. Keep all reagents away from eyes and skin. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately
  with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
- Take care not to contaminate any test reagents with serum or bacterial agents.
- If the humidity indicator of a microplate exhibits a pink color, the microplate should not be used.
- The best results are achieved by following the protocols described below, using good, safe laboratory techniques.
- Never add water to the microplates, conjugate, controls, or substrate.
- Do not use this kit after the expiration date.
- NEVER PIPETTE BY MOUTH, Harmful if swallowed.
- For animal use only.

Refer to the end of this insert for reagent hazard and precaution statements. Also reference the Safety Data Sheet for additional details.

### SAMPLE COLLECTION

For routine serologic flock monitoring:

- Randomly collect a statistically significant number of samples at routine intervals (for example, collect 30 sera every 21 days).
- Follow proper sample collection procedures.
- Harvest serum and store properly (up to seven days at 4 °C. -20 °C for longer).
- Test only good quality serum (i.e., avoid bacterial contamination, heavy hemolysis or lipemia). When in doubt, obtain a
  better quality sample.

## SAMPLE DILUTION PROCEDURE

Dilute serum samples using the dilution buffer provided in a clean, uncoated 96 well microplate (Sample Dilution Microplate). Samples should be completely thawed and thoroughly mixed before diluting. **Allow all reagents to come to 21 – 24 °C before starting.** 

STEP	UNITS	MATERIAL	LOCATION	FINAL DILUTION	NOTES
1)	300 µL	Dilution Buffer Plus	Each well	N/A	
2)	6 µL	Sample Serum	Add into wells A4 - H9; left to right, row by row	1:50	Mix. Discard tips after each sample. Label the microplate to identify the flock/ sample positions.
3)	6 µL	100X Normal Control	Into wells A2, H10, and H12	1:50	
4)	Aspirate wells A1, A3, and H11.				
5)	Allow all diluted sera to equilibrate for 5 minutes before transferring to the EUSA microplate.				

**Note:** This sample dilution microplate provides adequate quantities of diluted serum samples to conduct three additional ProFLOK™ Mycoplasma ELISA tests. Use dilution microplate within 24 hours.

ProFLOK™ MG-MS Ab

## PREPARATION OF 1X POSITIVE CONTROL, 1X CONJUGATE, 1X WASH, AND 1X STOP SOLUTIONS

STEP	UNITS	MATERIAL	LOCATION	NOTES		
1X POSITIVE CO	1X POSITIVE CONTROL SOLUTION					
6)	300 µL	Dilution Buffer Plus	Clean test tube	Mix well. 1:50 final dilution.		
7)	6 µL	100X Positive Control	Clean test tube	, Mix Well, 1.30 iirial allationi,		
1X CONJUGATE	SOLUTION					
8)	12 mL	Dilution Buffer Plus	Clean tube or bottle	Mix well. 1:100 final dilution.		
9)	120 µL	100X Conjugate	Clean tube of bottle	, Mix Well, 1.100 illial allation,		
1X WASH SOLU	TION					
10)	20 mL	20X Wash	Microplate washing	Mix well. 1:20 final dilution.		
11)	380 mL	Deionized or reverse osmosis water	bottle or apparatus			
1X STOP SOLUTION						
12)	2.5 mL	5X Stop	Clean tube or bottle	Warm 5X Stop to 21-24 °C or to 37 °C and mix to dissolve any precipitates.		
13)	10 mL	Deionized or reverse osmosis water		Mix well. 1:5 final dilution		

## **ELISA TEST PROCEDURE**

	_			
STEP	UNITS	MATERIAL	LOCATION	NOTES
a)	Remove the test microplate from protective bag and label the microplate with the flock/sample positions as in step 2.			
b)	50 µL	Dilution Buffer Plus	Add into each test microplate well	
c)	50 µL	1X Positive Control Solution (step 7)	A1, A3, and H11	Discard pipette tips. 1:100 final dilution.
d)	50 µL	Sample Dilution Microplate (step 5)	Transfer to the matching wells of the test microplate	Quickly transfer each row. Discard pipette tips. 1:100 final dilution.
e)	Incubate for 30 minutes at 21 – 24 °C.			

## **WASH PROCEDURE**

-					
	STEP	UNITS	MATERIAL	LOCATION	NOTES
	f)	Discard or aspirate solution from all wells.			Tap inverted plate.
	g)	300 µL	1X Wash Solution (step 11)	Each test we <b>ll</b>	Soak for 3 minutes
	h)	After 3 minute soak, aspirate all wells; tap inverted plate to remove residual liquid.  Repeat wash procedure 2 more times.			Wash process is a critical step for an
	i)				ELISA. Please follow steps f to i.

## ADDITION OF 1X CONJUGATE. SUBSTRATE. AND 1X STOP SOLUTION

STEP	UNITS	MATERIAL	LOCATION	NOTES
j)	100 µL	1X Conjugate Solution (step 9)	Each test well	Discard pipette tips.
k)	Incubate for 30 minutes at 21 – 24 °C.			
l)	Follow the <b>WASH PROCEDURE</b> above (steps f to i).			
m)	100 µL	Substrate	Each test well	Discard pipette tips.
n)	Incubate for 15 minutes at 21 – 24 °C.			
0)	100 µL	1X Stop Solution (step 13)	Each test well	Discard pipette tips.
p)	Read the microplate using an ELISA microplate reader set at 405-410 nm, Be sure to blank the reader as directed. Allow bubbles to dissipate and wipe the bottom of the microplate before reading.			

## **RESULTS**

## ASSAY CONTROL VALUES, VALID ELISA RESULTS

Valid ELISA results are obtained when the Normal Control Average optical density (0D) is < 0.200 and the Corrected Positive Control (CPC) is between 0.250 and 1.200 (the OD of the positive control is between 0.35 and 1.20). If any of these values are out of range, the test results should be considered invalid and the samples should be retested.

## MANUAL PROCESSING OF DATA

- a) Average the OD values of Positive Control in wells A1, A3, and H11 then average the OD values of Normal Control in wells A2. H10. and H12. Record both averages.
- b) Subtract the average Normal Control OD from the average Positive Control OD. The difference is the Corrected Positive Control
- c) Calculate a sample to positive (S/P) ratio by subtracting the average Normal Control OD from each sample OD and dividing the difference by the Corrected Positive Control. Use the following equation format:

## S/P = (SAMPLE OD) - (AVERAGE NORMAL CONTROL OD) CORRECTED POSITIVE CONTROL

d) An ELISA titer for MG-MS can be calculated by the following suggested equation:  $LOG_{10}$  TITER =  $(1.464 \times LOG_{10} \text{ S/P}) + 3.197$ TITER = ANTILOG of LOG<sub>10</sub> TITER

## **EXAMPLE:**

Example Positive Control ODs:

0.585, 0.610, 0.590 Corrected Positive Control: Average = (0.585 + 0.610 + 0.590) / 3 = 0.595(0.595) - (0.067) = 0.528

Example Normal Control ODs:

0.078, 0.067, 0.057

Average = (0.078 + 0.067 + 0.057) / 3 = 0.067

Example S/P value calculation: OD of sample = 0.560

(0.560) - (0.067) / 0.528 = 0.934

Example of Calculation of titer:  $LOG_{10}$  Titer = (1.464 X  $LOG_{10}$  0.934) + 3.197 Titer = ANTILOG 3.15

Titer = 1413

ProFLOK™ MG-MS Ab 4

## INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

The MG-MS S/P values and/or ELISA titer values obtained for sera should be interpreted using the following value ranges:

MG-MS Presumed Antibody Status:

Sample to Positive (S/P) Value	MG-MS ELISA Titer Range	MG-MS Presumed Antibody Status
< 0.600	0	Negativea
≥ 0.600	≥744	Positiveb

- a. Negative. Serum samples with an MG-MS S/P ratio value of < 0.600 receive a "0" titer value and are presumed negative for antibody. However, various factors, such as possible strain variations that may exhibit atypical biological and/or antigenic properties, prevalence of a strain within a flock and timing and randomness of serum sample collection procedures could result in an infected flock yielding negative ELISA results. It is therefore recommended that each flock only be considered to be negative after:</p>
  - (1) each flock has been adequately sampled and repeatedly tested several times and has yielded negative ELISA results each time and
  - (2) each flock has been adequately sampled and repeatedly tested by standard conventional serological tests (SPA and HI) and MG or MS culture techniques and yielded negative serological and culture results each time.
- Positive. Additional conventional serologic testing (SPA and HI), culture and molecular testing of samples collected from
  presumed MG-MS ELISA antibody positive flocks, using standard techniques are needed to obtain a confirmed positive
  diagnosis of MG or MS infection within a flock.

5